



The patterns of the new design has been developed to reduce the extra bulk and enhance the mobility. Alteration of extra bulk resulting in minimizing the fabric usage 6 reduce weight of the garment.



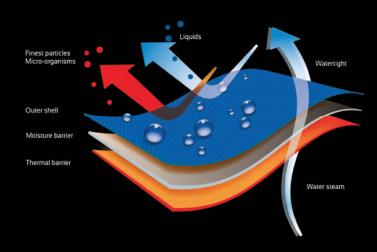
The outer shell is made of Nomex® IIIA, which provides good tensile strength and abrasion resistance. The garment has been reinforced with anti-skidding and abrasion resistant FR material at the elbow, knees, shoulders & ankels. All the stress points has been bar-tacked to increase the durability.



The ePTFE laminated moisture barrier has been used for better moisture management. The microporous breathable fabric membrane performs a dual role: stopping water passing through to the forefighter's personal clothing while allowing perspiration and heat to escape to the outside atmosphere.



The ergonomic design gives the ultimate in fit and comfort to maximize the mobility. Gear offers full freedom of movements to all areas of the body. Climbing, crawling, ventilating roof, or pulling hose all entail specific movements can be performed efficiently with less effort.



Outer Shell

Nomex IIIA 93% Nomex - 5% Kevlar - 2% AST

The outer shell consists of a ripstop fabric on the basis of 93% Nomex , 5% Kevlar and 2% antistatic fibres which offers an excellent heat resistance. The Nomex IIIA Ripstop fabric has a specific construction which increases the tear & tensile strength of the fabric. The Nomex IIIA Ripstop has therefore a long life span and a good mechanical resistance: it doesn't break open after a flashover.

Moisture Barrier

ePTFE coated on non-woven

The expanded PTFE membrane is 100% waterproof, light weight and breathable. It is hydrophilic but allows water vapor to pass through. The water vapour molecules of the transpiration are transported through the membrane to the outside, Its breathability doesn't change with time and able to withstand extremely high temperatures.

Thermal Barrier

Non-woven Nomex/Kevlar wit aramid/viscose fabric

The Thermal Barrier consists of two layers quilted with together. Where one layer is aramid based felt fabric prevents the heat transfer through the garment and the other layer close to skin is aramid viscose based provides comfort.

FRONT



ВАСК



SALIENT FEATURES

JACKET



Action Sleeve provides extra length when you reach



Action Elbow provides extra ease in movement during different activities



Action Back provides extra ease in movement during different activities



TROUSER

Action Knee adds length over the knee so you can step up, sit down, kneel, or crawl freely



Action Seat adds length in the seat to allow you to bend at waist and knees freely



Inspection Opening
with zipper to check status of
membrane



Napolean Pocket under the front placket



Lamp Holder can be adjusted according to lamp size



Telescopic Cuffs keep debris and water out. In addition Modacrylic cuffs with thumb hole



Diamond Crotch Gusset distributes stress in both shell and liner for durability



Knee Pad with double stitch for more durability



Ankle Guard to protect exposed areas against abrasion



Collar Reinforcement provides extra protection and strength



Double Closure with FR zipper 6 velcro



Chin Strap provides comfort under the chin



H-Back Suspenders with padding at shoulder area



Slant Fly Closure with FR zipper & velcro



Velcro Fastenersfor rapid release and attachment of the braces

Performance Property		Test Methods	EN 469:2004 (LEVEL 2)	AQUILA FIRE 1
Flame and Thermal Resistance	Flame resistance (applied to both sides of component assembly also wristlet)	EN 592 ISO 15025 NFPA 1971	1971Procedure A(face exposure) after flame ≤2s, afterglow≤2s no flaming to top or side edge or molten debris, no hole formation	PASS
	Heat transfer, flame heat transmission index HTI ₂₄ and HTI ₁₂	EN 367 ISO 9151	HTl₂₄ ≥ 13s HTl₂₄ - HTl12 ≥ 4s	HTl24 ≥ 19.1 s HTl24 - HTl12 ≥ 5.4s
	Heat transfer radiation	EN 366 Method B ISO 6942, Method B at 40 kW/m	t₂≥ 18s t₂- tı ≥ 4s	t2 ≥ 21.4s t2 - t1 ≥ 5.6s
	Residual strength material when exposed to radiant heat, 10kW/h	Residual strength material when exposed to radiant heat, 10kW/h	≥ 450N	Warp: 1350N Weft: 960N
	Heat Resistance and thermal shrinkage (each material used in garment, including wristlet)	EN 469, Annex A ISO 17493 NFPA 1971	5 min 180° c, not melting, dripping or ignition and shrinkage ≤ 5%	Max Shrinkage Outer Shell: 0.4% Moisture Barner: 0.4% Thermal Lining: 1.1%
Strength Performence	Tensile Strength (outer material)	ISO 5081 ISO 13934-1	≥ 450N	Warp: 1350N Weft: 960N
	Tear Strength (outer material)	ISO 4674 Method A2 NFPA 1971	≥ 25N	Across Warp: 82.3N Across Weft: 77.0N
	Seam Strength (Major A seams)	ISO 13934-2 ASTM D 1683	≥ 225N	1000 N
	Dimensional change (All Layers)	ISO 5077 ISO 6330	≤ 3%	PASS (all layers)
Water and liquid resistance performence	Surface wetting (outer shell)	ISO 4920 or ISO 24920	≥ class 4	Class 5
	Penetration by liquid chemicals (layer combination)	EN 368 at 20°C NaOH-40% HCL-36% H2SO4-30% o-xylene-100%	Runoff ≥ 80% no penetration to innermost surface	Nil penetration & Repellency NaOH-99.5% HCL-96.1% H2So1-99.5% o-xylene -92.5%
	Water penetration resistance (layer combination)	ISO EN 20811 FTMS 191A, 5512	10mbar/min rate no water droplets at 20 kPa	Hydrostatic Head = > 20kPa
	Water vapor resistance (layer combination, testing from inside out)	ISO 11092 (EN 31092)	≥30m² PaW	R _{et} =10.8 D12m ² Pa/W

